

ANKER



德国昂珂地毯铺装说明

ANKER Carpet Installation Instructions



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1.0 铺设条件

- 承包方在安装前需核实订购的地毯信息，包括产品名、规格、颜色、数量、尺寸和生产批号等。如有问题可在安装前与ANKER代理商进行联系。对于地毯安装后出现的产品错误ANKER将不予负责。

• 1.1 温度和储存条件

在安装之前，要将地毯安放在干净的环境下至少放在48小时进行温度的适应。在安装中也要保持一定的温度湿度，室温在15.5~29.5°C之间，相对湿度在40%~60%之间。在此期间的温度和湿度和未来大楼使用的条件一致。



静置
至少48小时



室温控制在
15.5~29.5°C



相对湿度需在
40~60%

• 1.2 地面准备

地面要求表面平整、光滑、洁净、干燥。地面有任何裂缝、撕裂或者不规则之处都必须进行修补和找平，并让其干燥。



地面要求供参考（示意图）

对于水泥地面，应该具有一定的强度，并在多个点测试地面湿度，含水率不能大于8%，表面平整偏差不大于4mm/m²。

高架地面必须光滑、平整、牢固，没有任何影响粘合的材料。方块地毯的安装必须避开检修孔盖板的间隙。盖板之间的间隙不得超过1.6mm。

请勿使用粘合剂清除剂，它们会对安装的新的粘合剂和地毯产生不利影响。

2.0 铺设流程

- 请按铺装顺序进行地毯的铺设。所有ANKER方块毯的底背都有方向箭头作为提示，以方便该产品的安装。

• 2.1 工具准备

角尺、钝铲、卷尺、裁刀、马克笔、深色弹线等。



优成UZINKE 16

• 2.2 地面刷胶

- 搭配ANKER专用压敏胶水，优成UZINKE 16

- 采用短毛的涂料滚筒将粘合剂均匀满涂在地面。涂胶量可根据胶水使用说明建议。胶水无需加水，最初为白色乳液，晾胶至少30分钟，待其变为半透明状后可施工。



• 2.3 铺设安装顺序

- 寻找中心点位， 平行于主墙面用弹线画一条直线，然后再画一条垂直的线。



- 铺设起点

从中心点开始铺装，注意地毯的整体度。检查边缘是否对齐，如未对准，则停止安装并确定未对齐的起始位置从而进行校正。



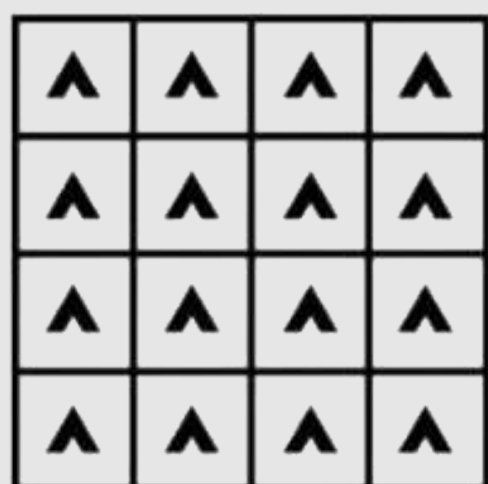
- 铺设方法

自材料中心向外按压，使用钝铲在方块边缘特别加重压力，并将地毯边缘整理干净，避免产生拼缝。

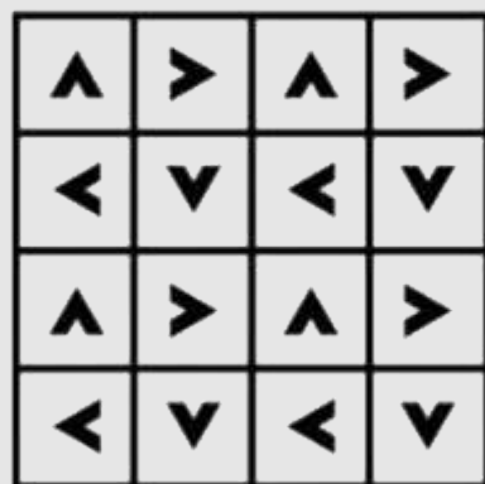


- 铺设方向

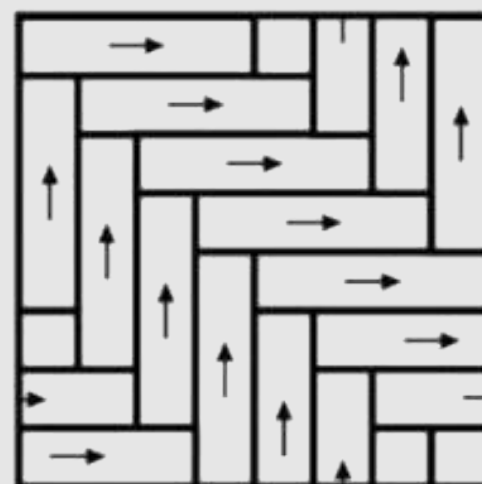
按照设计图以及地毯背面的箭头方向进行铺设。



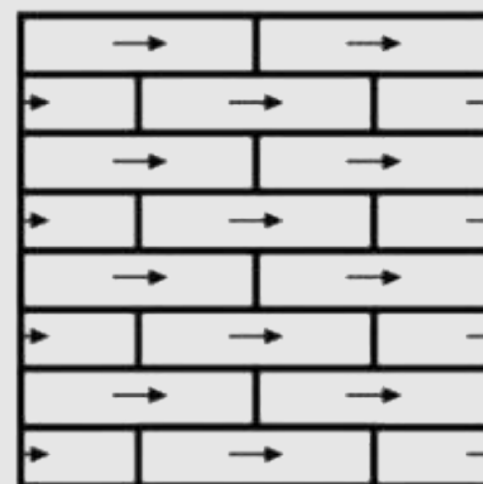
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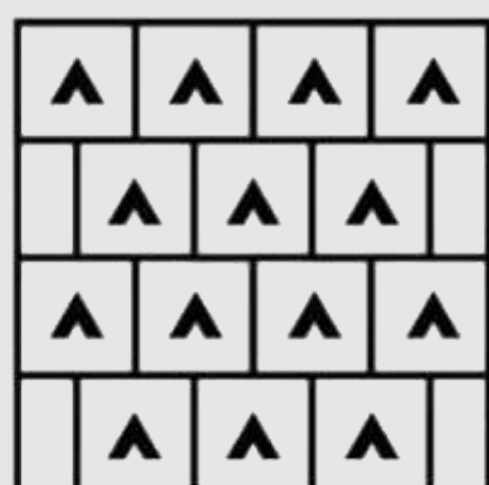
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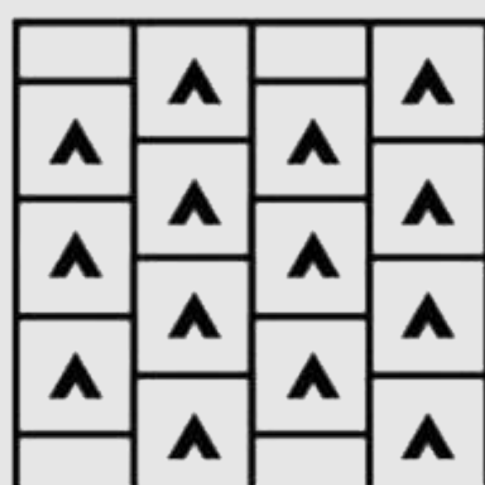
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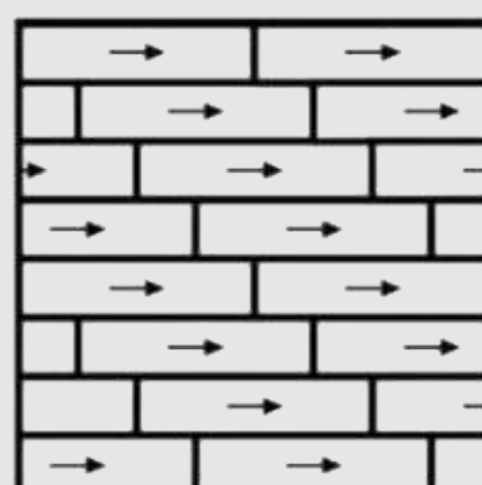
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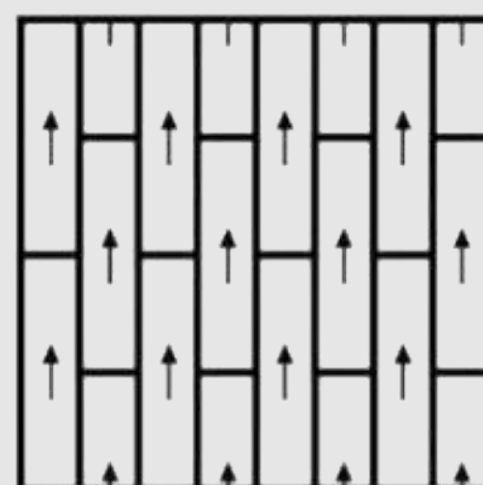
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竖砖拼



阶梯拼



竖砖拼

• 2.3 细节处理

- 修边裁切
- 使用角尺测量出地毯离墙边的距离，并用锋利的新刀片用力切割，确保切割整齐干净。用旧的刀片切割会产生毛边。
- 裁切下来的地毯也应当遵循整体的铺装方式。
- 墙角边缘的地毯，不应当被挤压或挤压到旁边的地毯。



- 铺设期间如果需要在地毯上进行施工，需要脱鞋或者穿戴鞋套，以保护地面的整洁。

• 3.0 铺设安装后清理

- 地毯清洁

地毯铺装完成后，安装工人需对地毯进行吸尘，将作业过程中的浮毛，尘清洁干净。

- 塑料膜铺设

施工完毕后，铺上保护膜防止后期其他环节的施工对地面造成的破坏或者影响。



• 4.0 地毯贴片安装

- 环保胶片是专为方块地毯开发的铺装材料。它适合于各种方块地毯产品。无论是 PVC底背地毯，PE底背地毯还是各类软底地毯产品，都可放心使用。环保胶片是一种一种新型环保的铺装方块地毯方式，免除了传统液态胶水带来的麻烦。环保胶片连接拼装起来的地毯不是用胶水直接贴在地板上，而是“浮”在地板上，提高了铺装的便捷性

- 从离型纸上揭下环保胶片，避免沾染灰尘，影响粘性
- 将地毯四个边角与胶片虚线位置对齐



- 方块地毯拼接必须对齐压紧，但是不能压力太大而起拱。



- 安装快捷、干净、简单，可自由铺装。拆卸方便，直接撕去胶片即可，对地面和地毯不会造成损害。





地毯清洁保养手册

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一、方块毯的铺设 Carpet Installation

A 铺设条件 Installation Procedure

B 方块地毯铺设工具 Installation Tools

C 方块地毯铺设流程 Installation Conditions

A 施工条件 / Installation Conditions

1. 室内装修已完成，室内所有设备均已就位。

Interior decoration should be finished before carpet installation.

2. 铺设地面、底层和地下室，必须做好防潮处理。地面要求表面平整、光滑、洁净（如果是水泥地面，应当具有一定强度，含水率不能大于 8%，表面平整偏差不大于 4mm/m²）。

For the ground floor or basement areas, moisture-proof treatments need to be taken before carpet installation. Generally, floors of cement, wood and other materials should be flat, smooth and clean. More specifically, for cement floors, there should be some intensity. In addition, moisture rate should be less than 8%, and the floor level warp rate is no more than 4mm per square meters.

3. 铺设地毯的区域四周的踢脚下口均应离开地面 7mm 左右，以便地毯毛边插入踢脚板。

The baseboards in rooms and porches should be fixed before carpet installation. A crevice about 7mm width is necessary between baseboards and floor to conceal the rough edges of carpets.



B 方块地毯铺设工具 / Installation Tools

割刀 钝铲 剪刀 大毛滚刷 胶水 地贴

C 方块地毯铺设流程 Installation Conditions

1.弹线定位 Position Determine

严格按照设计图纸对各个不同部位和房间的具体要求进行弹线和分格；如果图纸没有具体要求，应按照地毯尺寸中并弹线，以便定位铺设。

Strictly pay attention to the design drawing and the specific requirements of the different parts of the room. If there is no specific requirement in the drawing design, the lining and installation shall be in accordance with the size of the carpet.

2.施涂胶水 Gluing the ground

使用地毯专用铺装胶水，用长毛滚刷滚涂地面。等待 5-10 分钟，待胶水变半透明状开始铺设地面。

Use glue with long hair brush rolling surface. Wait 5-10 minutes, until the glue becomes translucent, then to start laying the ground.

3.铺设地毯 Laying the carpets

把地毯按型号批次搬到指定房间，从起始点开始按铺装方式铺设。如果铺设区域大于 500 m²，应从中间往四周铺设。

Move the carpet according to the model batch to the designated room, starting from the starting point by paving the way. If the laying area is greater than 500 m², then should be laid from the middle to the side.

4.细节处理 Detail Treatment

需要安装后边条防止地毯滑动。压边条应与地毯具有相同的高度与地毯绒头齐平，从而确保地毯表面与地面平稳度。

Need to install the rear strip to prevent the carpet from sliding. Pressing strip should be the same height with the carpet and carpet pile flush, so as to ensure the stability of the ground surface and the carpet.

5.安装清理 Cleaning

确保完工后的外观自始至终保持一致，纠正包括安装箭头方向在内的所有错误。在良好的照明条件下，清理地面并吸尘。最后覆盖好地毯做好保护。

Ensure that the finished appearance is consistent throughout and correct all errors including the installation of the direction of the arrow. Under good lighting conditions, clean the floor and dust the dust. Finally covered to protect the good carpet.



注意事项：

1. 不要在同一区域将不同的染色批号地毯混合安装
2. Eco-sticker 必须在毗邻切割和整块地毯下方使用。只要湿度与 PH 值水平相符合，直接在木质、陶瓷、大理石地板上使用 Eco-sticker 铺装可减少胶水对地面的损伤。

Attention

1. Do not mix installing in the same area using different dyeing batch.
2. Eco-sticker must be used under adjacent cutting and en bloc carpet. As long as the level of humidity and pH value matches, pave Eco-sticker directly on the wood, ceramics, marble floor can reduce the glue damage to the surface.

二、方块毯的养护和清洁 Carpet Maintance And Cleaning

A 方块毯的养护 Carpet Maintance

B 方块毯的清洁 Cleaning Schedule

C 污渍处理 Stain Removal

D 清洁频率 Carpet Cleaning

A 方块毯的养护 Carpet Maintance

1. 污染控制地垫

地毯使用者应尽量减少由室外带入室内的污染物。

Pollution Control Mat Carpet users should minimize pollutants from outdoor to indoor.

2. 防水防潮

在日常使用中，尽可能保护地毯不被水饮料等液体溅湿。

Waterproof and moisture proof In daily use, as far as possible to protect the carpet from water splash and liquid beverage.

3. 减少空气中尘埃

定期更换和清洁空气处理装置上的过滤器。

Reduce the dust in the air on a regular basis, replace and clean the filter on the air treatment device.

B 方块地毯的清洁 / Carpet Cleaning

日常除尘

可以使用地毯清洗机进行吸尘和清洗



Daily dust removal: can use carpet cleaning machine to dust and clean.

注意事项 Notes:

1. 根据使用频率清洗地毯，可以降低地毯的维护成本

According to the frequency of the use of the carpets, can reduce the cost of the carpet maintenance .

2. 吸尘时，吸尘器移动速度不宜过快，确保吸尘器与地毯充分接触

When cleaning, vacuum cleaner moving speed should not be too fast, to ensure that the vacuum cleaner and carpet are full contacted.

3. 对于一些地毯绒毛下的污渍，可使用地毯清洗机的水洗功能

For some carpet stains under the carpet, can use the washing machine to wash.

日常清洗

洗涤工具

地毯除污清洁布，轻按 10 秒钟打圈擦拭可快速 去除地毯上的污迹。

Scrubbing handkerchief. Apply pressure for 10 sec and then with a circle wipe can quickly remove stains from the carpet.

地毯除污清洁剂，用于日常去除普通污渍和斑点

Carpet detergent which is used for daily spot removal.

1. 一般污点清洗方法，推荐使用地毯除污清洁布

General stain cleaning method,Scrubbing handkerchief is Recommended.

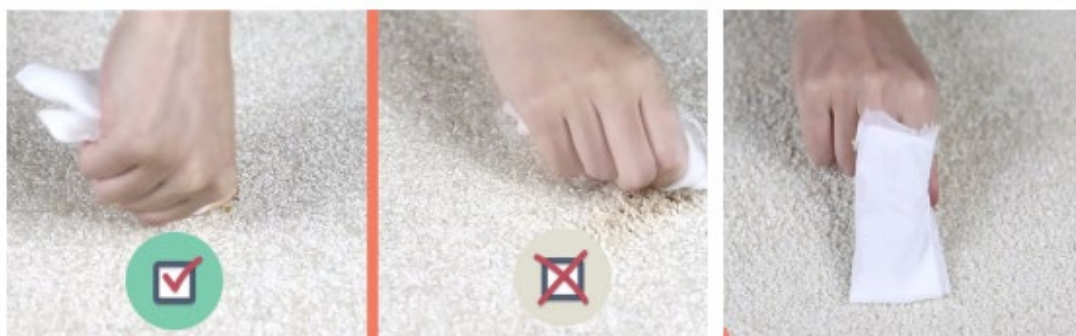


a. 当地毯脏污时，要快处理。脏污沁入地毯时间越久，越难以清洗掉。

When the carpet is dirty, need to be immediately processed. The longer the dirt is in the carpet, the more difficult to wash away.

b. 需采用正确的清洗方式，如图所示，用清洁布包住大拇指按压污点处 5-10s.

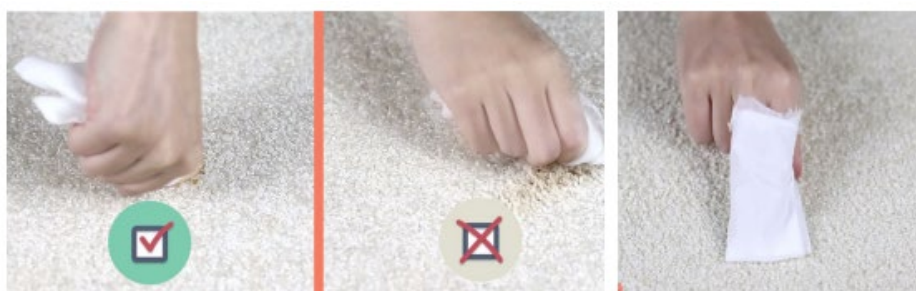
Use professional method ,wrap your finger, press in the dirt area for 5-10 seconds.



c. 不要来回擦除地毯，保证周围的地毯不受到第二次的污染。如果污渍还在，请重复上述步骤。
Do not erase the carpet back and forth, need to use the correct way to clean, to ensure that the surrounding carpet is not contaminated by

d. 清洗后的地毯需要完全干燥，否则更容易脏污。

Carpet needs to be dried after cleaning, otherwise it will be more easy to dirt.



2. 深层污点清洗方法，推荐使用地毯除污清洁剂

Deepening carpet cleaning cleaning method, clear is Recommended.

a. 首先尽快将干毛巾盖在刚刚打湿的污染处，如果污渍已经固定，需要用毛巾加水将污染处打湿。

First, please cover the dry towel on the wet pollution, if the stain has been fixed, please use the towel with water to wet the contaminated sites.



b. 由外而内压按污染处

Press the polluted area from external to internal.



c. 使用地毯清洗剂喷涂在污染处

Use carpet cleaning agent to spray the pollution.



d. 用刷子对地毯进行由外而内的挤刷，使清洗剂与地毯进行充分接触

Brush the carpet from outside to inside, so that the cleaning agent and carpet can make full contact.



e. 使清洗剂与地毯进行充分接触。 加入一定量的清水

Add a certain amount of water, and wait for a period of time



f. 等待一段时间使用干毛巾将多余的水份吸干。如果污渍还在，需要 重复上述的步骤。清洗完成后，需要保护清洗区，直到完全干燥。

Use a dry towel to drain excess water. If the stain is still there, you need to repeat the above steps. After the cleaning is completed, it is required to protect the cleaning area until completely dry.



3. 氧化剂清洗方法

在使用氧化剂清洗前请确认氧化剂浓度，以免地毯外观受损。可以用氨水和酒精等。

Please confirm the oxidant concentration before use any washing agent in case of the damage to the carpet. Ammonia and alcohol, etc can be used.

4. 地毯大面积深度清洁

地毯大面积的深层维护具体操作，请咨询专业地毯清洗公司。

Large area of deepening carpet cleaning

The specific operation of the Carpet large area deep maintenance, please consult professional carpet cleaning company

C 污渍处理 Stain Removal

1. 干污渍

使用吸尘器彻底吸出干污渍，不需要使用水。

Dry Stain Cleaning

Vacuum through to remove dry stains. For most dry stains, the use of water is not necessary.

2. 湿污渍

使用刮刀尽量刮除污渍。然后使用吸收剂、毛巾或纸巾吸干。

对大面积的湿污渍，使用便携式抽提装置或湿 / 干真空吸尘器最为有效。

Wet Stain Cleaning

Use spatula to remove excess stains. Then wipe with absorbent, towel or tissue. For larger spillages, a portable extraction unit or wet/dry vacuum is most effective.

3. 干燥后的湿污渍

如果湿污渍已经风干，应使用小且软的毛刷或者刮刀尽量除去干硬污渍，然后彻底吸尘。

Dried Stains Cleaning

Gently remove as much crusted materials as possible using a small, soft hand brush or spatula. Vacuum through to remove loose particles.



污渍 Spot Problem	类别	污渍 Spot Problem	类别	污渍 Spot Problem	类别
沥青 Asphalt	B	胶水 Glue	B	油 Oil	B
硫酸钡 Barium Sulphate	A	葡萄汁 Grape Juice	A	药膏 Ointment	B
啤酒 Beer	A	肉汁 Gravy	A	橙汁 Orange Drink	A
浆果 Berry Stain	A	油脂 Grease	B	涂料 (油基) Paint(Oil -base)	B
碘酒 Betadine	B	冰激凌 Ice Cream	A	涂料 (水基) Paint(Water -base)	A
漂白剂 Bleach	A	墨水 (可洗的) Ink(washable)	A	矿油 Petroleum Jelly	B
血 Blood	A	墨汁 Ink(India)	B	肥料 fertilizer	A
黄油 Butter	B	墨水 (持久的) Ink(Permanent)	B	吡啶姆 Pyridum	A
炭黑 Carbon Black	B	杀虫剂 Insecticides	B	橡胶胶水 Rubber Cement	B
白垩 Chalk	A	机油 Motor Oil	B	色拉酱 Salad Dressing	B
巧克力 Chocolate	B	铁锈 Iron Rust	A	鞋油 Shoe Polish	B
黏土 (红色) Clay(red)	A	静脉注射液 IV Solution	A	无醇饮料 Soft Drinks	A
咖啡 Coffee	C	番茄酱 Ketchup	A	汤 Soup	B
复印机色粉 Copier Toner	A	唇膏 Lipstick	B	酱 Soy Sauce	B
止咳糖浆 Cough Syrup	A	酒类 Liquor	B	牛肉酱 Steak Sauce	B
酸果蔓果汁 Cranberry Juice	A	睫毛膏 Mascara	B	茶 Tea	C
蜡笔 Crayon	B	蛋黄酱 Mayonnaise	B	番茄汁 Tomato Sauce	A
粪便 Faeces	A	花生酱 Peanut Butter	A	牙膏 Toothpaste	A
毡头记号笔 Felt Tip Marker	B	硫柳汞 Merthiolate	B	尿 Urine	C
果冻 Jelly	A	亚甲蓝 Methylene Blue	B	呕吐物 Vomit	C
泥 Mud	A	牛奶 Milk	A	水彩 Water Colors	C
家具染色剂 ※ Furniture Dye	B	食用油 Cooking Oil	B	蜡烛 Wax(Candle)	B
家具上光剂 Furniture Polish	B	漱口水 Mouthwash	A	威士忌酒 Whiskey	A

A Action A:

1. 使用少量清洗液，轻轻搅动污渍处。吸干清除污渍物质。用清水彻底冲洗，清除残留污渍。吸干或者挤干多余水分。

注意：对于酸性清洁剂或其他强碱性物质，请务必遵守此步骤。

Apply carpet detergent gently on the stain area. Wipe to remove the hard substances and use clear water to remove detergent residue.

Note: for acid cleaners or other highly alkaline substances, do not follow step 1.

2. 使用推荐的氨水。吸干后，用清水彻底冲洗。吸干或挤干多余水分。

Apply the white vinegar solution to the cleaned area. Wipe to remove solution. Rinse thoroughly with clean water.

3. 使用推荐的白醋。吸干后用清水彻底冲洗。吸干或挤干多余水分。



Follow the detergent procedure with the recommended ammonia solution. Rinse thoroughly with clear water. Dry or squeeze the excess water content.

B Action B:

1. 进行干洗之前，使用干毛巾吸干多余污渍。倒入足量干洗剂或酒精，湿润污渍处，用毛巾吸干污渍。

Wipe dry the spillages with clean towel. Repeat as long as the stain continues to transfer.

2. 如果物质仍可见，使用少量清洗液，轻轻搅动污渍处，用毛巾吸干污渍。之后用清水彻底清洗，再吸干或挤干多余水分。

If the stain is still visible, gently apply the detergent on the stained area. Wipe to remove substances and rinse

3. 使用推荐的白醋。吸干后，用清水彻底冲洗。吸干或挤干多余水分。

Apply the white vinegar solution to the entire cleaned area. Wipe to remove the cleaning solution. Rinse thoroughly with clean water. Wipe dry.

C Action C:

1. 用少量清洗液，轻轻搅动污渍处。吸干清除污渍物质。用清水彻底冲洗，清除残留污渍。吸干或者挤干多余水分。

Apply carpet detergent gently on the stain area. Wipe to remove the hard substances and use clear water to remove detergent residue.

2. 使用推荐的白醋。吸干后，用清水彻底冲洗。吸干或挤干多余水分。

Apply the white vinegar solution to the entire cleaned area. Wipe to remove the cleaning solution. Rinse thoroughly with clean water. Wipe dry.

D 清洁频率 Cleaning Schedule

地毯清洁频率取决于几个因素：地毯须承受足部施力、地毯所摆放之处的具体终端用途、进入建筑物的污迹的量、吸尘频率和程度、污渍和溅溢物的类型。清洁频率应参照吸尘频率。

The Cleaning Schedule depends on several factors: weight capacity, terminal function, dust amount entering into the building, vacuum frequency, degree and types of stains/spills.